# Exercise: Syntax, Functions and Statements

Problems for in-class lab for the ["JavaScript Advanced" course @ SoftUni](https://softuni.bg/courses/js-advanced). Submit your solutions in the SoftUni judge system at <https://judge.softuni.bg/Contests/1796/Exercise-Syntax-Functions-and-Statements>

1. **Fruit**

Write a function that calculates how much money you need to buy fruit. You will receive a **string** for the type of fruit you want to buy, **a number** for weight in grams and another **number** for the price per kilogram.

Print the following text on the console:

**'I need ${money} to buy {weight} kilograms {fruit}.'**

Print the weight and the money **rounded** to two decimal places.

The **input** comes as **three arguments** passed to your function.

The **output** should be printed on the console.

**Examples**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 'orange', 2500, 1.80 | I need $4.50 to buy 2.50 kilograms orange. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 'apple', 1563, 2.35 | I need $3.67 to buy 1.56 kilograms apple. |

1. **Greatest Common Divisor - GCD**

Write a function that takes **two** **positive** **numbers** as input and compute the greatest common divisor.

The **input** comes **as two positive integer numbers**.

The **output** should be printed on the console.

**Examples**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |  | **Input** | **Output** |
| 15, 5 | 5 |  | 2154, 458 | 2 |

1. **Same Numbers**

Write a function that takes **an integer** **number** as an input and check if all the digits in a given number are the same or not.

Print on the console **true** if all numbers are same and **false** if not. On the next line print the **sum of all digits.**

The **input** comes as an integer number.

The **output** should be printed on the console.

**Examples**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |  | **Input** | **Output** |
| 2222222 | true  14 |  | 1234 | false  10 |

1. **Time to Walk**

Write a function that **calculates** how long it takes a student to get to university.   
The function takes **three numbers**:

* The **first** is the number of **steps** the student takes from their home to the university
* Тhe **second** number is the length of the student's footprint in **meters**
* Тhe **third** number is the student speed in **km/h**

Every 500 meters the student rests and takes a **1 minute break**.

Calculate how long the student walks from home to university and print on the console the result in the following format: **'**hours:minutes:seconds**'**.

The **input** comes as **three numbers**.

The **output** should be printed on the console.

**Examples**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |  | **Input** | **Output** |
| 4000, 0.60, 5 | 00:32:48 |  | 2564, 0.70, 5.5 | 00:22:35 |

1. **Road Radar**

Write a function that determines whether a driver is within the speed limit. You will receive the speed and the area. Each area has a different limit:

* On the **motorway** the limit is **130 km/h**
* On the **interstate** the limit is **90 km/h**
* In the **city** the limit is **50 km/h**
* Within a **residential** area the limit is **20 km/h**

If the driver is **within the limits**, there should be printed speed and the speed limit.

**`Driving {speed} km/h in a {speed limit} zone`**

If the driver is **over the limit**, however, your function should print the severity of the infraction and the difference in speeds.

**`The speed is {difference} km/h faster than the allowed speed of {speed limit} - {status}`**

For speeding up to **20** km/hover the limit, speeding should be printed

For speeding up to **40** km/h over the limit, excessive speeding should be printed

For anything else, reckless driving should be printed

The **input** comes as **2 string parameters**. The first element is the current speed (**number**), the second element is the area.

The **output** should be printed on the console. Note that in certain cases there isn’t any output.

**Examples**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 40, 'city' | Driving 40 km/h in a 50 zone |
| 21, 'residential' | The speed is 1 km/h faster than the allowed speed of 20 - speeding |
| 120, 'interstate' | The speed is 30 km/h faster than the allowed speed of 90 - excessive speeding |
| 200, 'motorway' | The speed is 70 km/h faster than the allowed speed of 130 - reckless driving |

1. **Cooking by Numbers**

Write a program that receives 6 parameters which are a **number** and a **list** of five operations. Perform the operations **sequentially** by starting with the **input number** and using the result of every operation as starting point for the next one. Print the result of every operation in order. The operations can be one of the following:

* **chop** - divide the number by two
* **dice** - square root of number
* **spice** - add 1 to number
* **bake** - multiply number by 3
* **fillet** - subtract 20% from number

The **input** comes as **6 string elements**. The first element is the starting point and must be **parsed** to a number. The remaining 5 elements are the names of the operations to be performed.

The **output** should be printed on the console.

**Examples**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| '32', 'chop', 'chop', 'chop', 'chop', 'chop' | 16 8 4 2 1 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| '9', 'dice', 'spice', 'chop', 'bake', 'fillet' | 3  4  2  6  4.8 |

1. **Validity Checker**

Write a program that receives total of 4 parameters in the format **x1, y1, x2, y2.** Check if the distance between each point and the start of the cartesian coordinate system (0, 0) is **valid**. A distance between two points is considered **valid**, if it is an **integer value**.

In case a distance is valid, print"{x1, y1} to {x2, y2} is valid**"**

If the distance is invalid, print **"**{x1, y1} to {x2, y2} is invalid**"**

The order of comparisons should always be first **{x1, y1}** to **{0, 0}**, then **{x2, y2}** to **{0, 0}** and finally **{x1, y1}** to **{x2, y2}**.

The **input** consists of two points given as **4 numbers**.

For each comparison print either "{x1, y1} to {x2, y2} is valid**"** if the distance is valid, or **"**{x1, y1} to {x2, y2} is invalid**"** if it is invalid.

**Examples**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 3, 0, 0, 4 | {3, 0} to {0, 0} is valid  {0, 4} to {0, 0} is valid  {3, 0} to {0, 4} is valid |
| 2, 1, 1, 1 | {2, 1} to {0, 0} is invalid  {1, 1} to {0, 0} is invalid  {2, 1} to {1, 1} is valid |

## \*Words Uppercase

Write a program that **extracts all words** from a passed in string and converts them to **upper case**. The extracted words in upper case must be printed on a single line separated by **", "**.

The **input** comes as a single string argument - the text to extract and convert words from.

The **output** should be a single line containing the converted string.

### Examples

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |  | **Input** | **Output** |
| 'Hi, how are you?' | HI, HOW, ARE, YOU | 'hello' | HELLO |

### Hints

* You may need to use a [Regular Expression](https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Guide/Regular_Expressions) or alternatively check for all delimiters that can be found in a sentence (ex. ",", " ", "!", "?" and so on).